HB 988

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITY IN THE MORTGAGE INDUSTRY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 454F, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 3 to read as follows:
- 4 "PART . TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITY
- 5 §454F-51 Purpose. The purpose of this part is to
- 6 implement section 106 of the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief,
- 7 and Consumer Protection Act, P.L. 115-174.
- 8 §454F-52 Employment transition of loan originators. In
- 9 anticipation of satisfying all licensure requirements set out in
- 10 part I, an individual shall be deemed to have temporary
- 11 authority to act as a mortgage loan originator in this State as
- 12 provided by and subject to the requirements of this part.
- 13 §454F-53 Definitions. (a) In this part, unless the
- 14 context or subject matter otherwise requires:
- 15 "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in title
- 16 12 United States Code section 5102.
- 17 "Federal banking agency" has the same meaning as in title
- 18 12 United States Code section 5102.

1	"Fed	eral SAFE Act" means the Secure and Fair Enforcement
2	for Mortg	age Licensing Act of 2008, title 12 United States Code
3	section 5	101 et seq.
4	"Loa	n originator" has the meaning as in title 12 United
5	States Co	de section 5102, and in general:
6	(1)	Means an individual who:
7		(A) Takes a residential mortgage loan application;
8		and
9		(B) Offers or negotiates terms of a residential
10		mortgage loan for compensation or gain;
11	(2)	Does not include any individual who is not otherwise
12		described in paragraph (1) and who performs purely
13		administrative or clerical tasks on behalf of a person
14		who is described in paragraph (1);
15	(3)	Does not include a person or entity that only performs
16		real estate brokerage activities and is licensed or
17		registered in accordance with applicable state law,
18		unless the person or entity is compensated by a
19		lender, a mortgage broker, or other loan originator or
20		by any agent of such lender, mortgage broker, or other
21		loan originator; and

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1	(4)	Does not include a person or entity solely involved in
2		extensions of credit relating to timeshare plans, as
3		that term is defined in title 11 United States Code
4		section 101(53D).
5	"Reg	istered loan originator" means any individual who:
6	(1)	Meets the definition of loan originator and is an
7		employee of:
8		(A) A depository institution;
9		(B) A subsidiary that is:
10		(i) Owned and controlled by a depository
11		institution; and
12		(ii) Regulated by a federal banking agency; or
13		(C) An institution regulated by the Farm Credit
14		Administration; and
15	(2)	Is registered with, and maintains a unique identifier
16		through, NMLS.
17	"Sta	te" means any state of the United States, the District
18	of Columb	ia, any territory of the United States, Puerto Rico,
19	Guam, Ame	rican Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific
20	Islands,	the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

1	"State-licensed mortgage company" means an entity that is
2	licensed or registered under this chapter to engage in
3	residential mortgage loan origination and processing activities.
4	"State-licensed loan originator" means any individual who:
5	(1) Is a loan originator;
6	(2) Is not an employee of:
7	(A) A depository institution;
8	(B) A subsidiary that is:
9	(i) Owned and controlled by a depository
10	institution; and
11	(ii) Regulated by a federal banking agency; or
12	(C) An institution regulated by the Farm Credit
13	Administration; and
14	(3) Is licensed by a state or by the Director of the
15	Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection and registered
16	as a loan originator with, and maintains a unique
17	identifier through, NMLS.
18	"This State" means the State of Hawaii.
19	§454F-54 Employment transition of loan originators. (a)
20	Temporary authority to originate loans for loan originators
21	moving from a depository institution to a non-depository
22	institution is available as follows:

I	(1)	Upon becoming employed by a state-licensed mortgage
2		company, an individual who is a registered loan
3		originator shall be deemed to have temporary authority
4		to act as a mortgage loan originator in this State for
5		the period described in paragraph (2) if the
6		individual:
7		(A) Has not had:
8		(i) An application for a loan originator license
9		denied; or
10		(ii) A loan originator license revoked or
11		suspended in any governmental jurisdiction;
12		(B) Has not been subject to, or served with, a cease
13		and desist order:
14		(i) In any governmental jurisdiction; or
15		(ii) Under section 5113(c) of the federal SAFE
16		Act;
17		(C) Has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony
18		that would preclude licensure under the laws of
19		this State;
20		(D) Has submitted an application to be a state-
21		licensed loan originator in this State; and

1		(E)	Was registered in NMLS as a loan originator
2			during the one-year period preceding the date on
3			which the information required under section
4			454F-4(d) is submitted.
5	(2)	The	period described in this paragraph shall begin on
6		the	date on which an individual described in paragraph
7		(1)	submits the information required under section
8		454F	-4(d) and pays the fees required under section
9		454F	-22, and shall end on the earliest of the date:
10		(A)	On which the individual withdraws the application
11			to be a state-licensed loan originator in this
12			State;
13		(B)	On which this State denies, or issues a notice of
14			intent to deny, the application;
15		(C)	On which this State grants a mortgage loan
16			originator license; or
17		(D)	That is one hundred twenty days after the date on
18			which the individual submits the application, if
19			the application is listed on NMLS as incomplete.
20	(b)	Temp	orary authority to originate loans is available
21	for state	-lice	nsed loan originators moving interstate as
22	follows:		

1	(1)	A state-licensed loan originator shall be deemed to
2		have temporary authority to act as a mortgage loan
3		originator in this State for the period described in
4		paragraph (2) if the state-licensed loan originator:
5		(A) Meets the requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B),
6		(C), and (D) of subsection (a)(1);
7		(B) Is employed by a state-licensed mortgage company
8		in this State; and
9		(C) Was licensed in a state other than this State
10		during the thirty-day period preceding the date
11		on which the information required under section
12		454F-4(d) was submitted in connection with the
13		application submitted to this State.
14	(2)	The period described in this paragraph shall begin on
15		the date on which the state-licensed loan originator
16		submits the information required under section
17		454F-4(d) in connection with the application submitted
18		to the commissioner and pays the fees required under
19		section 454F-22, and end on the earliest of the date:
20		(A) On which the state-licensed loan originator
21		withdraws the application to be a state-licensed
22		loan originator in this State;

1		(B)	On which this State denies, or issues a notice of		
2			intent to deny, the application;		
3		(C)	On which this State grants a mortgage loan		
4			originator license; or		
5		(D)	That is one hundred twenty days after the date on		
6			which the state-licensed loan originator submits		
7			the application, if the application is listed on		
8			NMLS as incomplete.		
9	(c)	With	respect to temporary authority authorized by this		
10	section:				
11	(1)	Any j	person employing an individual who is deemed to		
12		have	temporary authority to act as a loan originator		
13		in th	in this State under this part shall be subject to the		
14		requ	requirements of this chapter and to applicable State		
15		law	to the same extent as if that individual was a		
16		state-licensed loan originator licensed by this State.			
17	(2)	Any	individual who is deemed to have temporary		
18		auth	ority to act as a loan originator in this State		
19		unde	r this part and who engages in residential		
20		mort	gage loan origination activities shall be subject		
21		to t	he requirements of this chapter and to applicable		
22		State	e law to the same extent as if that individual was		

1	a state-licensed loan originator licensed by this			
2	State.			
3	(d) An application submitted pursuant to this part shall			
4	not be subject to section 454F-4.9, subsections (a) through (c),			
5	pertaining to abandoned applications."			
6	SECTION 2. This Act, upon its approval, shall take effect			
7	on November 24, 2019.			
8				
9	INTRODUCED BY:			
10	BY REQUEST			
	JAN 2 2,2019			

Report Title:

Mortgage Loan Originators; Mortgage Loan Origination; Transitional Authority; Temporary Authority; Temporary License; SAFE Act

Description:

Implements section 106 of the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act, P.L. 115-174, by providing 120-day temporary authority to originate loans in this State for loan originators moving from a depository institution to a non-depository institution and state-licensed loan originators moving interstate.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.



JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Commerce and Consumer Affairs

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITY IN THE MORTGAGE INDUSTRY.

PURPOSE:

To implement section 106 of the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act, P.L. 115-174 (section 106), which requires states to provide one-hundred-twenty-day temporary authority to originate loans for: (1) loan originators (LOs) moving from a depository institution to a non-depository institution; and (2) state-licensed loan originators moving interstate (transitional authority).

MEANS:

Add a new part to chapter 454F, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS).

JUSTIFICATION:

Integrating section 106 into chapter 454F, HRS, will minimize uncertainty about the implementation of section 106 for LOs and their new employers. Section 106 takes effect on November 24, 2019, which is also the effective date of this bill.

Impact on the public: LOs will benefit from the job continuity afforded by transitional authority as they change jobs within the profession. Employers will also benefit from the ability of their new LO hires to originate residential mortgage loans without waiting to receive a state license. In addition, a greater number of LOs may move from state to state without the interruption of getting approved for a state license.

LOs who operate under transitional authority with fewer qualifications could disadvantage the public: (1) if they violate state laws due to their unfamiliarity with those laws; and (2) by competing with Hawaii-licensed mortgage loan originators. The Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs' Division



of Financial Institutions will provide information and education about the transitional authority and highlight responsibilities for companies that hire LOs with transitional authority.

Impact on the department and other agencies:
Mortgage regulators nationwide will work
toward implementing the new transitional
authority status in the Nationwide
Multistate Licensing System before the
effective date of section 106.

GENERAL FUNDS:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

CCA-104.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

November 24, 2019.



DAVID Y. IGE
GOVERNOR

JOSH GREEN

STATE OF HAWAII OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS

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Testimony of the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs

Before the
House Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce
Friday, February 1, 2019
2:00 p.m.
State Capitol, Conference Room 329

On the following measure: H.B. 0988, RELATING TO TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITY IN THE MORTGAGE INDUSTRY

Chair Takumi and Members of the Committee:

My name is Iris Ikeda, and I am the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (Commissioner) for the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs' (Department) Division of Financial Institutions (DFI). The Department supports this administration bill.

The purpose of this bill is to minimize uncertainty about the implementation of section 106 of the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act, P.L. 115–174 (section 106). This federal law mandate requires states to provide a 120-day temporary authority to certain state-licensed mortgage loan originators moving from a depository institution to a non-depository institution and state-licensed loan originators moving interstate.

Implementation of section 106 is anticipated to eliminate job barriers for loan originators by facilitating mobility as they change jobs within the profession. Nationally, approximately 75% of the mortgage loan originators who apply for a license would qualify for transitional authority because they are either employed by a depository institution or licensed in another state. Accordingly, implementation of section 106 is likely to ease the employment process for employers as their new loan originator hires

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will be able to originate residential mortgage loans without the impact of delays associated with the licensing process for a state license.

Section 1 of this bill adds a new part to Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) chapter 454F, "Transitional Authority," and proposes to provide temporary authority to certain qualified individuals moving from a depository institution to a non-depository institution, as well as temporary authority for certain state-licensed loan originators who move between states. This section sets forth the requirements for temporary authority, which includes the loan originator submitting an application to be a state-licensed loan originator in this state.

Section 2 proposes an effective date of November 24, 2019, in conformity with the date section 106 will take effect.

Temporary authority will allow qualified mortgage loan originators to originate mortgage loans in Hawaii without complying with state licensing laws for 120 days. During these 120 days, the mortgage loan originator has the opportunity to complete the state-specific pre-education or continuing education, the financial responsibility review, and the criminal background review. During this transitional authority period, the mortgage loan originator company will be held responsible for any origination errors caused by the mortgage loan originator. This supervisory oversight will protect consumers from harm caused by mortgage loan originators with transitional authority.

The Department supports this administration bill and requests that it pass out of this committee unamended to enable the implementation of transitional authority in accordance with federal law. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

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Submitted on: 2/1/2019 12:34:39 PM

Testimony for CPC on 2/1/2019 2:00:00 PM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Mortgage Bankers Associaton of Hawaii	Mortgage Bankers Association of Hawaii	Support	No

Comments:

The Mortgage Bankers Association of Hawaii supports transitional licensing and aligning HRS with section 106 of the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act